

Los reflexivos

You use the reflexive when the action is being done to the person you are describing. For example: I wash myself.

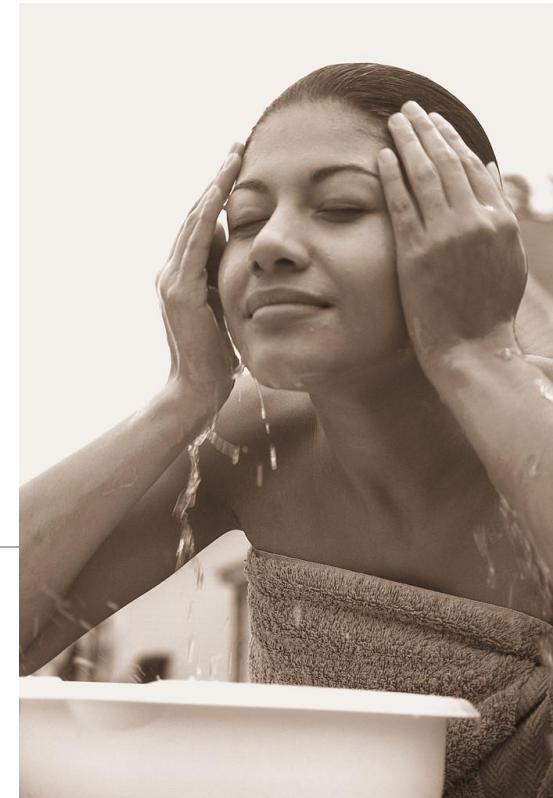
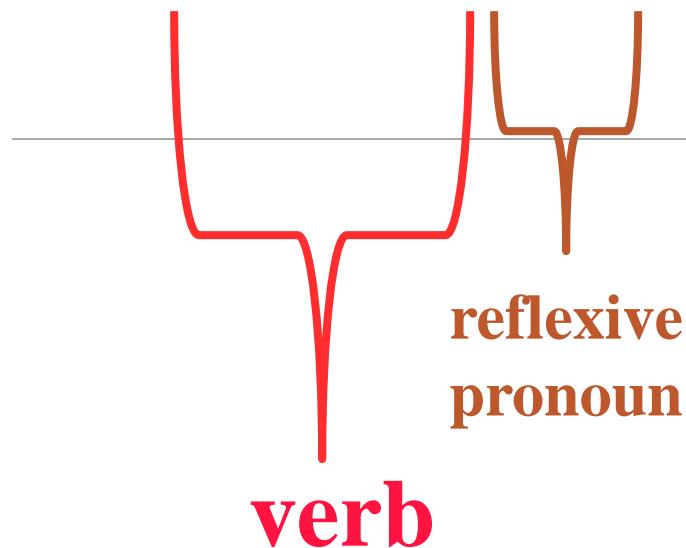
The infinitives have se attached to them. The se changes based on the subject (who you are talking about).

Verbos Reflexivos

HAVE TWO PARTS:

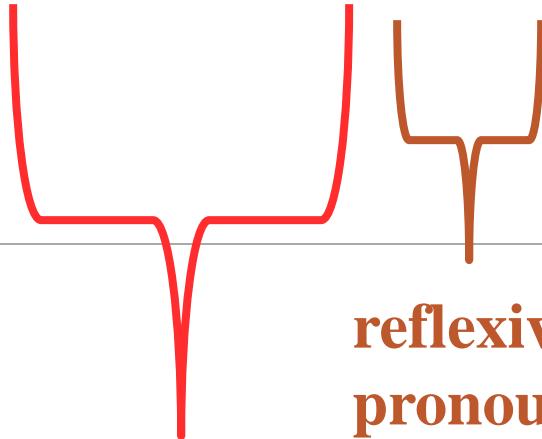
A REFLEXIVE PRONOUN AND
VERB INFITIVE

lavarse



WE HAVE SEVERAL OF THESE VERBS IN OUR
NEW VOCABULARY

bañarse

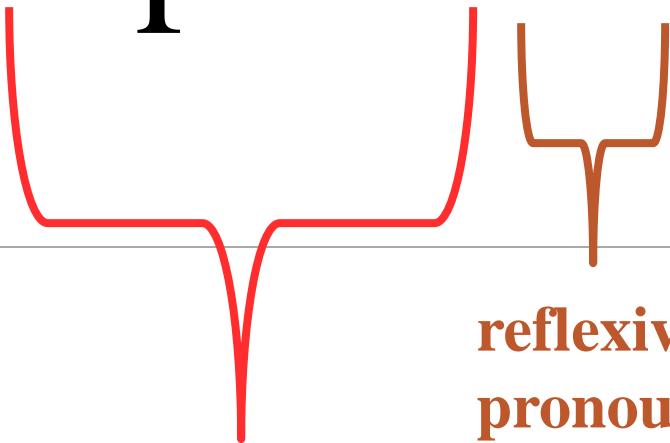


verb



HOW ABOUT THIS ONE?

cepillarse



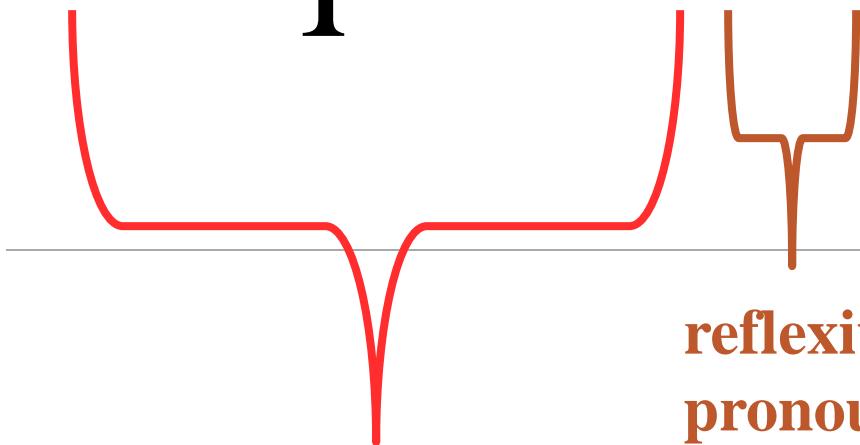
reflexive
pronoun

verb



AND THIS ONE?

maquillarse



verb



A. lavarse

B. lavar



A. cepillarse

B. cepillar



A. afeitarse

B. afeitar



A. lavarse

B. lavar



A. ducharse

B. duchar



A. maquillarse

B. Maquillar



Reflexive pronouns are placed before the verb:

- Lucy se levanta a las diez.
-

◦ Pronouns are:

- Me
- Te
- Se
- Nos
- Os
- Se

lavarse (to wash oneself)

Me lavo las manos.

Te lavas las manos.

Se lava

Nos lavamos

Os laváis

Se lavan

irse (to leave)

Me voy

Te vas

Se va

Nos vamos

Os vais

Se van

Los reflexivos

When using a reflexive with a part of the body, use a definite article:

- Me lavo el pelo con champú y las manos con jabón.
- NOT
- Me lavo mi pelo. This is never correct!

Practica

Mis padres _____ (levantarse) a las cinco.

1 – Which pronoun do we use?

- (me, te, se, nos, os, se)

2 – Conjugate the verb for “Mis padres”

Mi hermana y yo _____ (ducharse) a las siete y media.

1. Which pronoun do we use?
 - (me, te, se, nos, se)
2. How do we conjugate for “Mi hermana y yo”?

Conjugate the verb:

1. Mi hermana _____ (acostarse – o:ue)
temprano todos los días.

2. Mis padres y yo siempre _____
(cepillarse) los dientes.

3. Primero, yo _____ (ducharse).

4. Usualmente, mis hermanos _____
(bañarse) por la noche.

5. Tú _____ (despertarse – e:ie) muy tarde.